## SECOND REGULAR SESSION

[TRULY AGREED TO AND FINALLY PASSED]

## SENATE BILL NO. 768

## 99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

2018

4946S.01T

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 138.445, 144.026, 144.030, 144.054, and 153.030, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to taxation of telecommunications companies.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 138.445, 144.026, 144.030, 144.054, and 153.030,

- 2 RSMo, are repealed and four new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as
- 3 sections 138.445 144.030, 144.054, and 153.030, to read as follows:
  - 138.445. 1. The state tax commission of Missouri shall annually certify
- 2 to the director of revenue and to the commissioner of education a copy of its most
- 3 recent annual report containing the total valuation of all taxable properties in the
- 4 state according to the county or counties for which the same is assessed. The
- 5 commission shall also certify to the director and to the commissioner any
- 6 amendments or modifications to the annual report; provided, however, that no
- 7 amendments or modifications to the annual report shall be accepted by the state
- 8 tax commission or certified by it to the director of revenue or the commissioner
- 9 of education at any time after December thirty-first of the year.
- 10 2. The annual report of the state tax commission and any amendments or
- 11 modifications thereto duly certified to the director of revenue and to the
- 12 commissioner of education shall constitute the official record of the state of
- 13 Missouri for purposes of section 142.345 and section 163.011.
- 14 3. The reports certified pursuant to this section shall not be construed to
- 15 represent the assessment ratio or general assessment level of any county in this
- 16 state.
- 4. For the additional duties imposed upon the members of the tax

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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commission under the provisions of this section, each member of the commission 18 19 shall annually receive nine thousand dollars plus any salary adjustment provided pursuant to section 105.005 payable in equal monthly installments. 20

- 5. As a part of the report defined in this section, the state tax commission shall include the difference in assessed value for any telephone company that, according to subsection 5 of section 153.030, elects to be assessed utilizing the methodology defined in section 137.122. The commissioner of education shall transmit the information to each school district.
- 144.030. 1. There is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 such retail sales as may be 3 made in commerce between this state and any other state of the United States, or between this state and any foreign country, and any retail sale which the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing pursuant to the Constitution or laws of the United States of America, and such retail sales of tangible personal property which the general assembly of the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing or further taxing by the constitution of this state. 9
  - 2. There are also specifically exempted from the provisions of the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745:
- (1) Motor fuel or special fuel subject to an excise tax of this state, unless 16 all or part of such excise tax is refunded pursuant to section 142.824; or upon the sale at retail of fuel to be consumed in manufacturing or creating gas, power, 18 steam, electrical current or in furnishing water to be sold ultimately at retail; or feed for livestock or poultry; or grain to be converted into foodstuffs which are to 19 be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; or seed, limestone or fertilizer 20 which is to be used for seeding, liming or fertilizing crops which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; economic poisons registered pursuant to the provisions 2324of the Missouri pesticide registration law (sections 281.220 to 281.310) which are to be used in connection with the growth or production of crops, fruit trees or 25orchards applied before, during, or after planting, the crop of which when 26 harvested will be sold at retail or will be converted into foodstuffs which are to

28 be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;

- (2) Materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts which when used in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating become a component part or ingredient of the new personal property resulting from such manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which new personal property is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and materials, including without limitation, gases and manufactured goods, including without limitation slagging materials and firebrick, which are ultimately consumed in the manufacturing process by blending, reacting or interacting with or by becoming, in whole or in part, component parts or ingredients of steel products intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption;
  - (3) Materials, replacement parts and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of, motor vehicles, watercraft, railroad rolling stock or aircraft engaged as common carriers of persons or property;
  - (4) Motor vehicles registered in excess of fifty-four thousand pounds, and the trailers pulled by such motor vehicles, that are actually used in the normal course of business to haul property on the public highways of the state, and that are capable of hauling loads commensurate with the motor vehicle's registered weight; and the materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of such vehicles. For purposes of this subdivision, motor vehicle and public highway shall have the meaning as ascribed in section 390.020;
  - (5) Replacement machinery, equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such replacement machinery, equipment, and parts, used directly in manufacturing, mining, fabricating or producing a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and machinery and equipment, and the materials and supplies required solely for the operation, installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new, or to replace or expand existing, material recovery processing plants in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, a "material recovery processing plant" means a facility that has as its primary purpose the recovery of materials into a usable product or a different form which is used in producing a new product and shall include a facility or equipment which are used exclusively for the collection of

recovered materials for delivery to a material recovery processing plant but shall not include motor vehicles used on highways. For purposes of this section, the terms motor vehicle and highway shall have the same meaning pursuant to section 301.010. For the purposes of this subdivision, subdivision (6) of 67 this subsection, and section 144.054, as well as the definition in 68 subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.010, the term "product" 69 includes telecommunications services and the term "manufacturing" 70 shall include the production, or production and transmission, of 72telecommunications services. The preceding sentence does not make a substantive change in the law and is intended to clarify that the term 73 "manufacturing" has included and continues to include the production and transmission of "telecommunications services", as enacted in this 75subdivision and subdivision (6) of this subsection, as well as the 76 definition in subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.010. The 7778 preceding two sentences reaffirm legislative intent consistent with the interpretation of this subdivision and subdivision (6) of this subsection 79 in Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. 80 81 banc 2002) and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 82 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), and accordingly abrogates the Missouri supreme court's interpretation of those exemptions in IBM Corporation v. Director of Revenue, 491 S.W.3d 535 (Mo. banc 2016) to the extent inconsistent with this section and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director 85 86 of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002) and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005). The construction 87 and application of this subdivision as expressed by the Missouri 88 supreme court in DST Systems, Inc. v. Director of Revenue, 43 S.W.3d 799 89 90 (Mo. banc 2001); Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 91 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002); and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director 92 of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), is hereby affirmed. Material recovery is not the reuse of materials within a manufacturing process or the use 93 of a product previously recovered. The material recovery processing plant shall 94qualify under the provisions of this section regardless of ownership of the 95 96 material being recovered;

(6) Machinery and equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new or to expand existing manufacturing, mining or fabricating plants in the state if such machinery and

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101 equipment is used directly in manufacturing, mining or fabricating a product 102 which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption. The 103 construction and application of this subdivision as expressed by the 104 Missouri supreme court in DST Systems, Inc. v. Director of Revenue, 43 S.W.3d 799 (Mo. banc 2001); Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of 105 106 Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002); and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), is hereby 107 108 affirmed:

- (7) Tangible personal property which is used exclusively in the manufacturing, processing, modification or assembling of products sold to the United States government or to any agency of the United States government;
- 112 (8) Animals or poultry used for breeding or feeding purposes, or captive 113 wildlife;
  - (9) Newsprint, ink, computers, photosensitive paper and film, toner, printing plates and other machinery, equipment, replacement parts and supplies used in producing newspapers published for dissemination of news to the general public;
- 118 (10) The rentals of films, records or any type of sound or picture 119 transcriptions for public commercial display;
- 120 (11) Pumping machinery and equipment used to propel products delivered 121 by pipelines engaged as common carriers;
  - (12) Railroad rolling stock for use in transporting persons or property in interstate commerce and motor vehicles licensed for a gross weight of twenty-four thousand pounds or more or trailers used by common carriers, as defined in section 390.020, in the transportation of persons or property;
  - (13) Electrical energy used in the actual primary manufacture, processing, compounding, mining or producing of a product, or electrical energy used in the actual secondary processing or fabricating of the product, or a material recovery processing plant as defined in subdivision (5) of this subsection, in facilities owned or leased by the taxpayer, if the total cost of electrical energy so used exceeds ten percent of the total cost of production, either primary or secondary, exclusive of the cost of electrical energy so used or if the raw materials used in such processing contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials as defined in section 260.200. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the raw materials used in the primary manufacture of automobiles contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials. For purposes of this subdivision,

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137 "processing" means any mode of treatment, act or series of acts performed upon 138 materials to transform and reduce them to a different state or thing, including 139 treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing by the producer at 140 the production facility;

- (14) Anodes which are used or consumed in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which have a useful life of less than one year;
- (15) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring air pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices;
- (16) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased 149 and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring water pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, 150 151 construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices:
  - (17) Tangible personal property purchased by a rural water district;
  - (18) All amounts paid or charged for admission or participation or other fees paid by or other charges to individuals in or for any place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, including museums, fairs, zoos and planetariums, owned or operated by a municipality or other political subdivision where all the proceeds derived therefrom benefit the municipality or other political subdivision and do not inure to any private person, firm, or corporation, provided, however, that a municipality or other political subdivision may enter into revenue-sharing agreements with private persons, firms, or corporations providing goods or services, including management services, in or for the place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, and provided further that nothing in this subdivision shall exempt from tax any amounts retained by any private person, firm, or corporation under such revenuesharing agreement;
  - (19) All sales of insulin, and all sales, rentals, repairs, and parts of durable medical equipment, prosthetic devices, and orthopedic devices as defined on January 1, 1980, by the federal Medicare program pursuant to Title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965, including the items specified in Section 1862(a)(12) of that act, and also specifically including hearing aids and hearing aid supplies and all sales of drugs which may be legally dispensed by a licensed

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pharmacist only upon a lawful prescription of a practitioner licensed to administer those items, including samples and materials used to manufacture samples which may be dispensed by a practitioner authorized to dispense such 176 samples and all sales or rental of medical oxygen, home respiratory equipment and accessories including parts, and hospital beds and accessories and ambulatory aids including parts, and all sales or rental of manual and powered wheelchairs including parts, and stairway lifts, Braille writers, electronic Braille equipment and, if purchased or rented by or on behalf of a person with one or more physical or mental disabilities to enable them to function more independently, all sales or rental of scooters including parts, and reading machines, electronic print enlargers and magnifiers, electronic alternative and augmentative communication devices, and items used solely to modify motor vehicles to permit the use of such motor vehicles by individuals with disabilities 186 or sales of over-the-counter or nonprescription drugs to individuals with disabilities, and drugs required by the Food and Drug Administration to meet the over-the-counter drug product labeling requirements in 21 CFR 201.66, or its successor, as prescribed by a health care practitioner licensed to prescribe;

- (20) All sales made by or to religious and charitable organizations and institutions in their religious, charitable or educational functions and activities and all sales made by or to all elementary and secondary schools operated at public expense in their educational functions and activities;
- (21) All sales of aircraft to common carriers for storage or for use in interstate commerce and all sales made by or to not-for-profit civic, social, service or fraternal organizations, including fraternal organizations which have been declared tax-exempt organizations pursuant to Section 501(c)(8) or (10) of the 1986 Internal Revenue Code, as amended, in their civic or charitable functions and activities and all sales made to eleemosynary and penal institutions and industries of the state, and all sales made to any private not-for-profit institution of higher education not otherwise excluded pursuant to subdivision (20) of this subsection or any institution of higher education supported by public funds, and all sales made to a state relief agency in the exercise of relief functions and activities;
- (22) All ticket sales made by benevolent, scientific and educational associations which are formed to foster, encourage, and promote progress and improvement in the science of agriculture and in the raising and breeding of animals, and by nonprofit summer theater organizations if such organizations are

exempt from federal tax pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and all admission charges and entry fees to the Missouri state fair or any fair conducted by a county agricultural and mechanical society organized and operated pursuant to sections 262.290 to 262.530;

- 213 (23) All sales made to any private not-for-profit elementary or secondary school, all sales of feed additives, medications or vaccines administered to 214 livestock or poultry in the production of food or fiber, all sales of pesticides used 215 216 in the production of crops, livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of 217 bedding used in the production of livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of propane or natural gas, electricity or diesel fuel used exclusively for drying 218 219 agricultural crops, natural gas used in the primary manufacture or processing of 220 fuel ethanol as defined in section 142.028, natural gas, propane, and electricity 221 used by an eligible new generation cooperative or an eligible new generation 222 processing entity as defined in section 348.432, and all sales of farm machinery 223 and equipment, other than airplanes, motor vehicles and trailers, and any freight 224 charges on any exempt item. As used in this subdivision, the term "feed 225 additives" means tangible personal property which, when mixed with feed for 226 livestock or poultry, is to be used in the feeding of livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term "pesticides" includes adjuvants such as crop oils, 227 228 surfactants, wetting agents and other assorted pesticide carriers used to improve 229 or enhance the effect of a pesticide and the foam used to mark the application of pesticides and herbicides for the production of crops, livestock or poultry. As 230 231 used in this subdivision, the term "farm machinery and equipment" means new 232 or used farm tractors and such other new or used farm machinery and equipment 233and repair or replacement parts thereon and any accessories for and upgrades to 234 such farm machinery and equipment, rotary mowers used exclusively for agricultural purposes, and supplies and lubricants used exclusively, solely, and 235 directly for producing crops, raising and feeding livestock, fish, poultry, 236 pheasants, chukar, quail, or for producing milk for ultimate sale at retail, 237 238 including field drain tile, and one-half of each purchaser's purchase of diesel fuel therefor which is: 239
  - (a) Used exclusively for agricultural purposes;

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- 241 (b) Used on land owned or leased for the purpose of producing farm 242 products; and
- 243 (c) Used directly in producing farm products to be sold ultimately in 244 processed form or otherwise at retail or in producing farm products to be fed to

245 livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;

- (24) Except as otherwise provided in section 144.032, all sales of metered water service, electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil for domestic use and in any city not within a county, all sales of metered or unmetered water service for domestic use:
- (a) "Domestic use" means that portion of metered water service, electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil, and in any city not within a county, metered or unmetered water service, which an individual occupant of a residential premises uses for nonbusiness, noncommercial or nonindustrial purposes. Utility service through a single or master meter for residential apartments or condominiums, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be deemed to be for domestic use. Each seller shall establish and maintain a system whereby individual purchases are determined as exempt or nonexempt;
- (b) Regulated utility sellers shall determine whether individual purchases are exempt or nonexempt based upon the seller's utility service rate classifications as contained in tariffs on file with and approved by the Missouri public service commission. Sales and purchases made pursuant to the rate classification "residential" and sales to and purchases made by or on behalf of the occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be considered as sales made for domestic use and such sales shall be exempt from sales tax. Sellers shall charge sales tax upon the entire amount of purchases classified as nondomestic use. The seller's utility service rate classification and the provision of service thereunder shall be conclusive as to whether or not the utility must charge sales tax;
- (c) Each person making domestic use purchases of services or property and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for a nondomestic use shall, by the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, and without assessment, notice or demand, file a return and pay sales tax on that portion of nondomestic purchases. Each person making nondomestic purchases of services or property and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for domestic use, and each person making domestic purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, under a nonresidential utility service rate

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classification may, between the first day of the first month and the fifteenth day
of the fourth month following the year of purchase, apply for credit or refund to
the director of revenue and the director shall give credit or make refund for taxes
paid on the domestic use portion of the purchase. The person making such
purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums shall
have standing to apply to the director of revenue for such credit or refund;

- (25) All sales of handicraft items made by the seller or the seller's spouse if the seller or the seller's spouse is at least sixty-five years of age, and if the total gross proceeds from such sales do not constitute a majority of the annual gross income of the seller;
- 291 (26) Excise taxes, collected on sales at retail, imposed by Sections 4041, 292 4061, 4071, 4081, 4091, 4161, 4181, 4251, 4261 and 4271 of Title 26, United 293 States Code. The director of revenue shall promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 294 536 to eliminate all state and local sales taxes on such excise taxes;
- 295 (27) Sales of fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships, barges, or 296 waterborne vessels which are used primarily in or for the transportation of 297 property or cargo, or the conveyance of persons for hire, on navigable rivers 298 bordering on or located in part in this state, if such fuel is delivered by the seller 299 to the purchaser's barge, ship, or waterborne vessel while it is afloat upon such 300 river;
  - (28) All sales made to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 238.010 to 238.100 in the exercise of the functions and activities of such agency as provided pursuant to the compact;
  - (29) Computers, computer software and computer security systems purchased for use by architectural or engineering firms headquartered in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, "headquartered in this state" means the office for the administrative management of at least four integrated facilities operated by the taxpayer is located in the state of Missouri;
- 309 (30) All livestock sales when either the seller is engaged in the growing, 310 producing or feeding of such livestock, or the seller is engaged in the business of 311 buying and selling, bartering or leasing of such livestock;
- 312 (31) All sales of barges which are to be used primarily in the 313 transportation of property or cargo on interstate waterways;
- 314 (32) Electrical energy or gas, whether natural, artificial or propane, water, 315 or other utilities which are ultimately consumed in connection with the 316 manufacturing of cellular glass products or in any material recovery processing

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317 plant as defined in subdivision (5) of this subsection;

- 318 (33) Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, all sales of 319 pesticides or herbicides used in the production of crops, aquaculture, livestock or 320 poultry;
- 321 (34) Tangible personal property and utilities purchased for use or 322 consumption directly or exclusively in the research and development of 323 agricultural/biotechnology and plant genomics products and prescription 324 pharmaceuticals consumed by humans or animals;
- 325 (35) All sales of grain bins for storage of grain for resale;
- 326 (36) All sales of feed which are developed for and used in the feeding of 327 pets owned by a commercial breeder when such sales are made to a commercial 328 breeder, as defined in section 273.325, and licensed pursuant to sections 273.325 329 to 273.357;
  - (37) All purchases by a contractor on behalf of an entity located in another state, provided that the entity is authorized to issue a certificate of exemption for purchases to a contractor under the provisions of that state's laws. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "certificate of exemption" shall mean any document evidencing that the entity is exempt from sales and use taxes on purchases pursuant to the laws of the state in which the entity is located. Any contractor making purchases on behalf of such entity shall maintain a copy of the entity's exemption certificate as evidence of the exemption. If the exemption certificate issued by the exempt entity to the contractor is later determined by the director of revenue to be invalid for any reason and the contractor has accepted the certificate in good faith, neither the contractor or the exempt entity shall be liable for the payment of any taxes, interest and penalty due as the result of use of the invalid exemption certificate. Materials shall be exempt from all state and local sales and use taxes when purchased by a contractor for the purpose of fabricating tangible personal property which is used in fulfilling a contract for the purpose of constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities for the following:
  - (a) An exempt entity located in this state, if the entity is one of those entities able to issue project exemption certificates in accordance with the provisions of section 144.062; or
  - (b) An exempt entity located outside the state if the exempt entity is authorized to issue an exemption certificate to contractors in accordance with the provisions of that state's law and the applicable provisions of this section;
    - (38) All sales or other transfers of tangible personal property to a lessor

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353 who leases the property under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect 354 at the time of the sale or other transfer to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 238.010 to 238.100; 355

- (39) Sales of tickets to any collegiate athletic championship event that is held in a facility owned or operated by a governmental authority or commission, a quasi-governmental agency, a state university or college or by the state or any political subdivision thereof, including a municipality, and that is played on a 360 neutral site and may reasonably be played at a site located outside the state of 361 Missouri. For purposes of this subdivision, "neutral site" means any site that is not located on the campus of a conference member institution participating in the event;
  - (40) All purchases by a sports complex authority created under section 64.920, and all sales of utilities by such authority at the authority's cost that are consumed in connection with the operation of a sports complex leased to a professional sports team;
- 368 (41) All materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use 369 directly upon, and for the modification, replacement, repair, and maintenance of 370 aircraft, aircraft power plants, and aircraft accessories;
- 371 (42) Sales of sporting clays, wobble, skeet, and trap targets to any 372 shooting range or similar places of business for use in the normal course of 373 business and money received by a shooting range or similar places of business from patrons and held by a shooting range or similar place of business for 374 375 redistribution to patrons at the conclusion of a shooting event;
  - (43) All sales of motor fuel, as defined in section 142.800, used in any watercraft, as defined in section 306.010;
  - (44) Any new or used aircraft sold or delivered in this state to a person who is not a resident of this state or a corporation that is not incorporated in this state, and such aircraft is not to be based in this state and shall not remain in this state more than ten business days subsequent to the last to occur of:
- 382 (a) The transfer of title to the aircraft to a person who is not a resident of this state or a corporation that is not incorporated in this state; or 383
  - (b) The date of the return to service of the aircraft in accordance with 14 CFR 91.407 for any maintenance, preventive maintenance, rebuilding, alterations, repairs, or installations that are completed contemporaneously with the transfer of title to the aircraft to a person who is not a resident of this state or a corporation that is not incorporated in this state;

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- 389 (45) All internet access or the use of internet access regardless of whether 390 the tax is imposed on a provider of internet access or a buyer of internet 391 access. For purposes of this subdivision, the following terms shall mean:
  - (a) "Direct costs", costs incurred by a governmental authority solely because of an internet service provider's use of the public right-of-way. The term shall not include costs that the governmental authority would have incurred if the internet service provider did not make such use of the public right-of-way. Direct costs shall be determined in a manner consistent with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (b) "Internet", computer and telecommunications facilities, including equipment and operating software, that comprises the interconnected worldwide network that employ the transmission control protocol or internet protocol, or any predecessor or successor protocols to that protocol, to communicate information of all kinds by wire or radio;
- 403 (c) "Internet access", a service that enables users to connect to the internet to access content, information, or other services without regard to 404 405 whether the service is referred to as telecommunications, communications, 406 transmission, or similar services, and without regard to whether a provider of the 407 service is subject to regulation by the Federal Communications Commission as a 408 common carrier under 47 U.S.C. Section 201, et seq. For purposes of this 409 subdivision, internet access also includes: the purchase, use, or sale of communications services, including telecommunications services as defined in 410 411 section 144.010, to the extent the communications services are purchased, used, 412 or sold to provide the service described in this subdivision or to otherwise enable 413 users to access content, information, or other services offered over the internet; services that are incidental to the provision of a service described in this 414 subdivision, when furnished to users as part of such service, including a home 415 416 page, electronic mail, and instant messaging, including voice-capable and video-417 capable electronic mail and instant messaging, video clips, and personal 418 electronic storage capacity; a home page electronic mail and instant messaging, 419 including voice-capable and video-capable electronic mail and instant messaging, 420 video clips, and personal electronic storage capacity that are provided 421 independently or that are not packed with internet access. As used in this 422 subdivision, internet access does not include voice, audio, and video programming 423 or other products and services, except services described in this paragraph or this 424 subdivision, that use internet protocol or any successor protocol and for which

there is a charge, regardless of whether the charge is separately stated or aggregated with the charge for services described in this paragraph or this subdivision:

- (d) "Tax", any charge imposed by the state or a political subdivision of the state for the purpose of generating revenues for governmental purposes and that is not a fee imposed for a specific privilege, service, or benefit conferred, except as described as otherwise under this subdivision, or any obligation imposed on a seller to collect and to remit to the state or a political subdivision of the state any gross retail tax, sales tax, or use tax imposed on a buyer by such a governmental entity. The term tax shall not include any franchise fee or similar fee imposed or authorized under section 67.1830 or 67.2689; Section 622 or 653 of the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. Section 542 and 47 U.S.C. Section 573; or any other fee related to obligations of telecommunications carriers under the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. Section 151, et seq., except to the extent that:
- a. The fee is not imposed for the purpose of recovering direct costs incurred by the franchising or other governmental authority from providing the specific privilege, service, or benefit conferred to the payer of the fee; or
- b. The fee is imposed for the use of a public right-of-way based on a percentage of the service revenue, and the fee exceeds the incremental direct costs incurred by the governmental authority associated with the provision of that right-of-way to the provider of internet access service.
- Nothing in this subdivision shall be interpreted as an exemption from taxes due on goods or services that were subject to tax on January 1, 2016.
  - 3. Any ruling, agreement, or contract, whether written or oral, express or implied, between a person and this state's executive branch, or any other state agency or department, stating, agreeing, or ruling that such person is not required to collect sales and use tax in this state despite the presence of a warehouse, distribution center, or fulfillment center in this state that is owned or operated by the person or an affiliated person shall be null and void unless it is specifically approved by a majority vote of each of the houses of the general assembly. For purposes of this subsection, an "affiliated person" means any person that is a member of the same controlled group of corporations as defined in Section 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as the vendor or any other entity that, notwithstanding its form of organization, bears the same ownership relationship to the vendor as a corporation that is a member

of the same controlled group of corporations as defined in Section 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended.

144.054. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

- 2 (1) "Processing", any mode of treatment, act, or series of acts performed 3 upon materials to transform or reduce them to a different state or thing, 4 including treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing by the 5 producer at the production facility;
- 6 (2) "Producing" includes, but is not limited to, the production of, including the production and transmission of, telecommunication 8 services;
- 9 (3) "Product" includes, but is not limited to, telecommunications 10 services;
- 11 (4) "Recovered materials", those materials which have been diverted or 12 removed from the solid waste stream for sale, use, reuse, or recycling, whether 13 or not they require subsequent separation and processing.
- 14 2. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there 15 is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 16 and 144.600 to 144.761, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, electrical 17 energy and gas, whether natural, artificial, or propane, water, coal, and energy 18 sources, chemicals, machinery, equipment, and materials used or consumed in the 19 manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, or producing of any product, or 20 21used or consumed in the processing of recovered materials, or used in research 22and development related to manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, or 23 producing any product. The exemptions granted in this subsection shall not 24apply to local sales taxes as defined in section 32.085 and the provisions of this subsection shall be in addition to any state and local sales tax exemption 25 26 provided in section 144.030. The construction and application of this 27 subsection as expressed by the Missouri supreme court in DST Systems, Inc. v. Director of Revenue, 43 S.W.3d 799 (Mo. banc 2001); Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002); and 29 Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. 30 banc 2005), is hereby affirmed. 31
- 32 3. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there 33 is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as

defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, all utilities, machinery, and equipment used or consumed directly in television or radio broadcasting and all sales and purchases of tangible personal property, utilities, services, or any other transaction that would otherwise be subject to the state or local sales or use tax when such sales are made to or purchases are made by a contractor for use in fulfillment of any obligation under a defense contract with the United States government, and all sales and leases of tangible personal property by any county, city, incorporated town, or village, provided such sale or lease is authorized under chapter 100, and such transaction is certified for sales tax exemption by the department of economic development, and tangible personal property used for railroad infrastructure brought into this state for processing, fabrication, or other modification for use outside the state in the regular course of business.

- 4. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, all sales and purchases of tangible personal property, utilities, services, or any other transaction that would otherwise be subject to the state or local sales or use tax when such sales are made to or purchases are made by a private partner for use in completing a project under sections 227.600 to 227.669.
- 5. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, all materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts, electrical energy and gas, whether natural, artificial or propane, water, coal and other energy sources, chemicals, soaps, detergents, cleaning and sanitizing agents, and other ingredients and materials inserted by commercial or industrial laundries to treat, clean, and sanitize textiles in facilities which process at least five hundred pounds of textiles

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71 per hour and at least sixty thousand pounds per week.

153.030. 1. All bridges over streams dividing this state from any other state owned, used, leased or otherwise controlled by any person, corporation, railroad company or joint stock company, and all bridges across or over navigable streams within this state, where the charge is made for crossing the same, which are now constructed, which are in the course of construction, or which shall hereafter be constructed, and all property, real and tangible personal, owned, used, leased or otherwise controlled by telegraph, telephone, electric power and light companies, electric transmission lines, pipeline companies and express companies shall be subject to taxation for state, county, municipal and other local purposes to the same extent as the property of private persons.

- 2. And taxes levied thereon shall be levied and collected in the manner as is now or may hereafter be provided by law for the taxation of railroad property in this state, and county commissions, county boards of equalization and the state tax commission are hereby required to perform the same duties and are given the same powers, including punitive powers, in assessing, equalizing and adjusting the taxes on the property set forth in this section as the county commissions and boards of equalization and state tax commission have or may hereafter be empowered with, in assessing, equalizing, and adjusting the taxes on railroad property; and an authorized officer of any such bridge, telegraph, telephone, electric power and light companies, electric transmission lines, pipeline companies, or express company or the owner of any such toll bridge, is hereby required to render reports of the property of such bridge, telegraph, telephone, electric power and light companies, electric transmission lines, pipeline companies, or express companies in like manner as the authorized officer of the railroad company is now or may hereafter be required to render for the taxation of railroad property.
- 3. On or before the fifteenth day of April in the year 1946 and each year thereafter an authorized officer of each such company shall furnish the state tax commission and county clerks a report, duly subscribed and sworn to by such authorized officer, which is like in nature and purpose to the reports required of railroads under chapter 151 showing the full amount of all real and tangible personal property owned, used, leased or otherwise controlled by each such company on January first of the year in which the report is due.
- 4. If any telephone company assessed pursuant to chapter 153 has a microwave relay station or stations in a county in which it has no wire mileage

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but has wire mileage in another county, then, for purposes of apportioning the 36 37 assessed value of the distributable property of such companies, the straight line 38 distance between such microwave relay stations shall constitute miles of wire. In the event that any public utility company assessed pursuant to this chapter has 39 no distributable property which physically traverses the counties in which it 40 operates, then the assessed value of the distributable property of such company 41 42 shall be apportioned to the physical location of the distributable property.

- 5. (1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, beginning January 1, 2019, a telephone company shall make a one-time election within the tax year to be assessed:
- (a) Using the methodology for property tax purposes as provided under this section; or
- (b) Using the methodology for property tax purposes as provided under this section for property consisting of land and buildings and be assessed for all other property exclusively using the methodology utilized under section 137.122.
- If a telephone company begins operations, including a merger of multiple telephone companies, after the effective date of this section, it shall make its one-time election to be assessed using the methodology for property tax purposes as described under paragraph (b) of subdivision (1) of this subsection within the year in which the telephone company begins its operations. A telephone company that fails to make a timely election shall be deemed to have elected to be assessed using the methodology for property tax purposes as provided under subsections 1 to 4 of this section.
- (2) The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to change the original assessment jurisdiction of the state tax commission.
- 63 (3) Nothing in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be construed as applying to any other utility. 64
- (4) (a) The provisions of this subdivision shall ensure that school districts may avoid any fiscal impact as a result of a telephone company being assessed under the provisions of paragraph (b) of subdivision (1) of this subsection. If a school district's current operating levy is below the greater of its most recent voter-approved 70 tax rate or the most recent voter-approved tax rate as adjusted under subdivision (2) of subsection 5 of section 137.073, it shall comply with section 137.073.

- 73 (b) Beginning January 1, 2019, any school district currently operating at a tax rate equal to the greater of the most recent 74voter-approved tax rate or the most recent voter-approved tax rate as adjusted under subdivision (2) of subsection 5 of section 137.073 that 77 receives less tax revenue from a specific telephone company under this subsection, on or before January thirty-first of the year following the tax year in which the school district received less revenue from a 79 80 specific telephone company, may by resolution of the school board impose a fee, as determined under this subsection, in order to obtain such revenue. The resolution shall include all facts that support the imposition of the fee. If the school district receives voter approval to raise its tax rate, the district shall no longer impose the fee authorized 84 in this paragraph. 85
- 86 (c) Any fee imposed under paragraph (b) of this subdivision shall 87 be determined by taking the difference between the tax revenue the telephone company paid in the tax year in question and the tax revenue 89 the telephone company would have paid in such year had it not made an election under subdivision (1) of this subsection, which shall be 90 calculated by taking the telephone company valuations in the tax year 91 in question, as determined by the state tax commission under 92 paragraph (d) of this subdivision, and applying such valuations to the 93 apportionment process in subsection 2 of section 151.150. The school 95district shall issue a billing, as provided in this subdivision, to any such 96 telephone company. A telephone company shall have forty-five days 97 after receipt of a billing to remit its payment of its portion of the fees 98 to the school district. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the issuance or receipt of such fee shall not be used: 99
- a. In determining the amount of state aid that a school district receives under section 163.031;
- b. In determining the amount that may be collected under a property tax levy by such district; or
- 104 c. For any other purpose.
- For the purposes of accounting, a telephone company that issues a payment to a school district under this subsection shall treat such payment as a tax.
- 108 (d) When establishing the valuation of a telephone company 109 assessed under paragraph (b) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the

- state tax commission shall also determine the difference between the assessed value of a telephone company if:

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  a. Assessed under paragraph (b) of subdivision (1) of this subsection; and
- b. Assessed exclusively under subsections 1 to 4 of this section.
  The state tax commission shall then apportion such amount to each county and provide such information to any school district making a request for such information.
- 118 (e) This subsection shall expire when no school district is 119 eligible for a fee.

[144.026. The director of revenue shall not send notice to any taxpayer under subsection 2 of section 144.021 regarding the decision in IBM Corporation v. Director of Revenue, 491 S.W.3d 535 (Mo. banc 2016) prior to August 28, 2018.]

Bill

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